The following are links to charts of nations that I have examined over the years. This page is related to the creation of nations, or groups of nations, but notably of the modern governments and peoples of those nations or groups. Almost all of the charts listed have a known time to the minute, with the source being referenced on the chart, and with links to the articles by clicking on the time. If there is no link on the time it means the time is unknown. This page is updated as I get more information, and will likely change month-by-month. Nations are listed alphabetically, rather than by date.

The chart of a nation in mundane astrology remains a controversial issue among some astrologers. For instance, does one use the 'independence chart' as is the case of the US, for instance? Or does one use the 'constitution chart' for the nation? Does every change of government, as in the case of France, necessitate a new chart for the nation? The latter does describe the type of government, but not necessarily its people. Then, there is no single defining moment or date for the birth of a people, because races and societies evolve over often long periods of time, as in the case of many European or Asian peoples. In general, though, a national chart is a synthesis of both a people and their nation. Independence charts show the character of a nation's people, in that they desire independence from another nation and thus shows the birth of a separate entity in the world of nations. This latter is what I tend to use as a national 'birth' chart, although there are exceptions, as in the case of Syria, for example. And, as we see in the case of the US and in France, for example, every new administration has its own character, which can be traced astrologically, but unless there is significant upheaval as a result of the new administration, the national chart will not be significantly altered or rendered null and void. The study of nations, though, gives a fascinating insight into the nature of large groups and how they work and interact. So, what follows are the charts I have actually tracked, for various reasons.

National Charts

Australia (Melbourne foundation chart): 1 Jan 1901, 00:00 AEST (-10:00), Melbourne, Australia

Australia (swearing-in chart): 1 Jan 1901, 1:35 PM AEST (-10:00), Sydney, Australia

<u>China, PRC</u>: 1 Oct 1949, <u>3:01 PM CCT</u> (-8:00), Beijing, China

Egypt: 18 Jun 1953, 11:30 PM UT, Cairo, Egypt

European Economic Community: 1 Jan 1958, 00:00 CET, Brussels, Belgium

European Union: 1 Nov 1993, 00:00 CET, Brussels, Belgium

Eurozone: 1 Jan 1999, <u>00:00 CET</u>, Brussels, Belgium

French 5th Republic: 5 Oct 1958, 00:00 CET, Paris, France

United Kingdom (1801): 1 Jan 1801, 00:00 UT, London, England

Iran: 1 Apr 1979, midnight chart (-3:30), Tehran, Iran

<u>Israel</u>: 14 May 1948, <u>4:37 PM EET</u> (-2:00), Tel Aviv, Israel

<u>Italy</u> (republic declared from vote count): 10 Jun 1946, ~6:10 PM CEDT (-2:00), Rome, Italy

Mexico (modern): 31 Jan 1917, 4:42 PM CST (+6:00) [4:00 LMT], Queretaro, Mexico

Myanmar: 4 Jan 1948, 4:20 AM NSUT (-6:30), Rangoon, Myanmar (info on the chart)NATO: 24

Aug 1949, 11:42 AM EDT (+4:00), Washington, DC

North Korea: 9 Sep 1948, 00:00 JST (-9:00), Pyongyang, North Korea

Qatar: 1 Sep 1971, <u>00:00 USZ3</u> (-4:00), Doha, Qatar (midnight chart)

Russia (current state): 25 Dec 1991, 7:35 PM EET (-2:00), Moscow, Russia

Saudi Third Kingdom: 22 Sep 1932, <u>5:57 PM LMT</u>, Riyadh, Saudi, Arabia (sunset chart)

Schengen Agreement: 26 Mar 1995, 00:00 CET, Schengen, Luxembourg

Spain (current republic): 22 Nov 1975, 12:45 PM CET (-1:00), Madrid, Spain

Syria (Assad regime): 13 Nov 1970, 7:06 AM EET (-2:00), Damascus, Syria

The Treaty of Lisbon: 1 Dec 2009, 00:00 CET, Brussels, Belgium

<u>Turkey</u>: 29 Oct 1923, <u>8:30 PM EET</u> (-2:00), Ankara, Turkey

Republic of Ukraine: 24 Aug 1991, 5:00 EET (-2:00), Kiev, Ukraine

United States of America: 4 Jul 1776, 5:10 PM LMT, Philadelphia, PA

Warsaw Pact: 14 May 1955, 12:00 PM CET (-1:00), [time unknown] Warsaw, Poland